

Press Release

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Fortinet Reports Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2015 Financial Results

Company grows Q415 billings 35% and FY15 billings 37% year over year

Fourth Quarter 2015 Highlights

- Billings of \$380.9 million, up 35% year over year¹
- Revenue of \$296.5 million, up 32% year over year
- Non-GAAP diluted net income per share of \$0.18¹
- Cash flow from operations of \$68.6 million
- Free cash flow of \$60.2 million¹
- Cash, cash equivalents and investments of \$1.16 billion
- Deferred revenue of \$791.3 million, up 42% year over year

Full Year 2015 Highlights

- Billings of \$1.23 billion, up 37% year over year¹
- Revenue of \$1.01 billion, up 31% year over year
- Non-GAAP diluted net income per share of \$0.51¹
- Cash flow from operations of \$282.5 million
- Free cash flow of \$245.2 million¹

SUNNYVALE, Calif. - January 28, 2016 - Fortinet® (NASDAQ: FTNT), a global leader in high performance cyber security solutions, today announced financial results for the fourth quarter and full year ended December 31, 2015.

"Fortinet's solid fourth quarter results help close a strong year, highlighted by our ability to achieve, for the full year, 37% billings growth and reach more than \$1 billion in billings and revenue," said Ken Xie, founder, chairman and chief executive officer. "Very few companies

have achieved this type of growth at Fortinet's scale and it is due to our strong technology advantage and early returns on our customer acquisition and expansion strategy. With cyber security remaining at the forefront of enterprise IT priorities, Fortinet is well-positioned to grow and gain global market share in 2016 and beyond."

Financial Highlights for the Fourth Quarter of 2015

- **Billings**¹: Total billings were \$380.9 million for the fourth quarter of 2015, an increase of 35% compared to \$282.7 million in the same quarter of 2014. Total billings for the fourth quarter of 2015 of \$380.9 million included billings of \$16.5 million from products and services pursuant to our July 2015 acquisition of Meru Networks. Excluding Meru, our billings were \$364.4 million, an increase of 29% compared to the same quarter last year.
- Revenue: Total revenue was \$296.5 million for the fourth quarter of 2015, an increase of 32% compared to \$224.0 million in the same quarter of 2014. Total revenue for the fourth quarter of 2015 of \$296.5 million included Meru's revenue of \$16.0 million. Excluding Meru, our revenue was \$280.5 million, an increase of 25% compared to the same quarter last year.

Within total revenue, product revenue was \$144.8 million, an increase of 31% compared to \$110.7 million in the same quarter of 2014. Product revenue included revenue from Meru of \$12.7 million. Service revenue was \$151.8 million, an increase of 34% compared to \$113.3 million in the same quarter of 2014. Service revenue included revenue from Meru of \$3.3 million.

- Deferred Revenue: Total deferred revenue was \$791.3 million as of December 31, 2015, an increase of \$84.4 million compared to \$706.9 million as of September 30, 2015. Total deferred revenue as of December 31, 2015 of \$791.3 million included deferred revenue relating to Meru of \$14.5 million, or 2% of total deferred revenue. Excluding Meru, our deferred revenue was \$776.8 million, an increase of \$83.9 million or 12% compared to September 30, 2015.
- Cash and Cash Flow²: As of December 31, 2015, cash, cash equivalents and investments were \$1.16 billion, compared to \$1.17 billion as of September 30, 2015. In the fourth quarter of 2015, cash flow from operations was \$68.6 million compared to \$35.4 million in the same quarter of 2014. Free cash flow¹ was \$60.2 million during the fourth quarter of 2015 compared to \$30.0 million in the same quarter of 2014.
- **GAAP Operating Income:** GAAP operating income was \$12.9 million for the fourth quarter of 2015, representing a GAAP operating margin of 4%. GAAP operating income was \$19.9 million for the same quarter of 2014, representing a GAAP operating margin of 9%.
- Non-GAAP Operating Income¹: Non-GAAP operating income was \$47.6 million for the fourth quarter of 2015, representing a non-GAAP operating margin of 16%. Non-GAAP

operating income was \$36.8 million for the same quarter of 2014, representing a non-GAAP operating margin of 16%.

- GAAP Net Income or Loss and Diluted Net Income or Loss Per Share: GAAP net loss was \$2.5 million for the fourth quarter of 2015, compared to GAAP net income of \$6.8 million for the same quarter of 2014. GAAP diluted net loss per share was \$0.01 for the fourth quarter of 2015, compared to GAAP diluted net income per share of \$0.04 for the same quarter of 2014.
- Non-GAAP Net Income and Diluted Net Income Per Share¹: Non-GAAP net income was \$32.4 million for the fourth quarter of 2015, compared to non-GAAP net income of \$24.1 million for the same quarter of 2014. Non-GAAP diluted net income per share was \$0.18 for the fourth quarter of 2015, compared to \$0.14 for the same quarter of 2014.

Financial Highlights for the Full Year 2015

- **Billings**¹: Total billings were \$1.23 billion for 2015, an increase of 37% compared to \$896.5 million in 2014. Total billings in 2015 of \$1.23 billion included Meru's billings from July 8, 2015 to December 31, 2015 of \$32.8 million, or 3% of total billings. Excluding Meru, our billings were \$1.20 billion, an increase of 34% compared to 2014.
- **Revenue:** Total revenue was \$1.01 billion for 2015, an increase of 31% compared to \$770.4 million in 2014. Total revenue in 2015 of \$1.01 billion included Meru's revenue from July 8, 2015 to December 31, 2015 of \$28.1 million, or 3% of total revenue. Excluding Meru, our revenue was \$981.2 million, an increase of 27% compared to 2014.

Within total revenue, product revenue was \$476.8 million, an increase of 32% compared to \$360.6 million in 2014. Product revenue included revenue from Meru of \$22.2 million. Service revenue was \$532.5 million, an increase of 30% compared to \$409.8 million in 2014. Service revenue included revenue from Meru of \$5.8 million.

- Deferred Revenue: Total deferred revenue was \$791.3 million as of December 31, 2015, an increase of \$232.5 million compared to \$558.8 million as of December 31, 2014. Total deferred revenue as of December 31, 2015 of \$791.3 million included deferred revenue relating to Meru of \$14.5 million, or 2% of total deferred revenue. Excluding Meru, our deferred revenue was \$776.8 million, an increase of \$218.0 million or 39% compared to December 31, 2014.
- Cash and Cash Flow²: As of December 31, 2015, cash, cash equivalents and investments were \$1.16 billion, compared to \$991.7 million as of December 31, 2014. In 2015, cash flow from operations was \$282.5 million compared to \$196.6 million in 2014. Free cash flow¹ was \$245.2 million in 2015 compared to \$164.4 million in 2014.

- **GAAP Operating Income:** GAAP operating income was \$14.9 million for 2015, representing a GAAP operating margin of 1%. GAAP operating income was \$59.3 million for 2014, representing a GAAP operating margin of 8%.
- **Non-GAAP Operating Income**¹: Non-GAAP operating income was \$133.3 million for 2015, representing a non-GAAP operating margin of 13%. Non-GAAP operating income was \$122.1 million for 2014, representing a non-GAAP operating margin of 16%.
- GAAP Net Income and Diluted Net Income Per Share: GAAP net income was \$8.0 million for 2015, compared to GAAP net income of \$25.3 million for 2014. GAAP diluted net income per share was \$0.05 for 2015, compared to \$0.15 for 2014.
- Non-GAAP Net Income and Diluted Net Income Per Share¹: Non-GAAP net income
 was \$89.4 million for 2015, compared to non-GAAP net income of \$80.8 million for 2014.
 Non-GAAP diluted net income per share was \$0.51 for 2015, compared to \$0.48 for
 2014.

Conference Call Details

Fortinet will host a conference call today, January 28, 2016, at 1:30 p.m. Pacific Time (4:30 p.m. Eastern Time) to discuss its financial results. To access this call, dial (877) 303-6913 (domestic) or (224) 357-2188 (international) with conference ID # 20590459. A live webcast of the conference call and supplemental slides will be accessible from the Investor Relations page of Fortinet's website at http://investor.fortinet.com and a replay will be archived and accessible at http://investor.fortinet.com/events.cfm. A replay of this conference call can also be accessed through February 4, 2016, by dialing (855) 859-2056 (domestic) or (404) 537-3406 (international) with conference ID# 20590459.

Following Fortinet's financial results conference call, the Company will host an additional question-and-answer session at 3:30 p.m. Pacific Time (6:30 p.m. Eastern Time) to provide an opportunity for financial analysts and investors to ask more detailed questions. To access this call, dial (877) 303-6913 (domestic) or (224) 357-2188 (international) with conference ID # 20592139. This follow-up call will be webcast live and accessible at http://investor.fortinet.com, and a replay will be archived and available after the call at http://investor.fortinet.com/events.cfm. A replay of this conference call will also be available through February 4, 2016 by dialing (855) 859-2056 (domestic) or (404) 537-3406 (international) with conference ID # 20592139.

¹ A reconciliation of GAAP to non-GAAP financial measures has been provided in the financial statement tables included in this press release. An explanation of these measures is also included below under the heading "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

² During the fourth quarter and year ended December 31, 2015, we repurchased \$60.0 million of our common stock under our share repurchase program. During the fourth quarter and year ended December 31, 2014, we repurchased \$5.4 million and \$38.6 million, respectively, of our common stock under our share repurchase program.

About Fortinet (www.fortinet.com)

Fortinet (NASDAQ: FTNT) protects the most valuable assets of some of the largest enterprise, service provider and government organizations across the globe. The company's fast, secure and global cyber security solutions provide broad, high-performance protection against dynamic security threats while simplifying the IT infrastructure. They are strengthened by the industry's highest level of threat research, intelligence and analytics. Unlike pure-play network security providers, Fortinet can solve organizations' most important security challenges, whether in networked, application or mobile environments - be it virtualized/cloud or physical. More than 200,000 customers worldwide, including some of the largest and most complex organizations, trust Fortinet to protect their brands. Learn more at www.fortinet.com, the Fortinet Blog or FortiGuard Labs.

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Forward-looking Statements

This press release contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements include statements regarding the enterprises' focus on cybersecurity and Fortinet's position to grow and gain market share. Although we attempt to be accurate in making forward-looking statements, it is possible that future circumstances might differ from the assumptions on which such statements are based. Important factors that could cause results to differ materially from the statements herein include the following: general economic risks; global economic conditions and foreign currency risks; increasing competitiveness in the security market: the dynamic nature of the security market: specific economic risks worldwide and in different geographies, and among different customer segments; uncertainty regarding increased business and renewals from existing customers; uncertainties around continued success in sales growth and market share gains; longer sales cycles, particularly for larger enterprise customers; failure to convert sales pipeline into final sales; risks associated with successful implementation of multiple integrated software products and other product functionality risks; execution risks around new product development and introductions and innovation; litigation and disputes and the potential cost, distraction and damage to sales and reputation caused thereby; market acceptance of new products and services; the ability to attract and retain personnel; changes in strategy; risks associated with management of growth; lengthy sales and implementation cycles, particularly in larger organizations; technological changes that make our products and services less competitive; risks associated with the adoption of, and demand for, our products and services in general and by specific customer segments; competition and pricing pressure; risks related to integrating acquisitions; and the other risk factors set forth from time to time in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, our most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our other filings with the SEC, copies of which are available free of charge at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov or upon request from our investor relations department. All forward-looking statements herein reflect our opinions only as of the date of this release, and we undertake no obligation, and expressly disclaim any obligation, to update forward-looking statements herein in light of new information or future events.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We have provided in this release financial information that has not been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). These non-GAAP financial measures are not based on any standardized methodology prescribed by GAAP and are not necessarily comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. We use these non-GAAP financial measures internally in analyzing our financial results and believe they are useful to investors, as a supplement to GAAP measures, in evaluating our ongoing operational performance. We believe that the use of these non-GAAP financial measures provides an additional tool for investors to use in evaluating ongoing operating results and trends and in comparing our financial results with peer companies, many of which present similar non-GAAP financial measures to investors.

Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. Investors are encouraged to review the reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP financial measures provided in the financial statement tables below.

Billings. We define billings as revenue recognized in accordance with GAAP plus the change in deferred revenue from the beginning to the end of the period less any deferred revenue balances acquired from business combination(s) during the period. We consider billings to be a useful metric for management and investors because billings drives deferred revenue, which is an important indicator of the health and viability of our business. There are a number of limitations related to the use of billings versus GAAP revenue. First, billings include amounts that have not yet been recognized as revenue. Second, we may calculate billings in a manner that is different from peer companies that report similar financial measures. Management compensates for these limitations by providing specific information regarding GAAP revenue and evaluating billings together with GAAP revenue.

Free cash flow. We define free cash flow as net cash provided by operating activities minus capital expenditures (purchases of property and equipment). We consider free cash flow to be a liquidity measure that provides useful information to management and investors about the amount of cash generated by the business that, after the acquisition of property and equipment, can be used for strategic opportunities, including investing in our business, making strategic acquisitions, repurchasing outstanding common stock, and strengthening the balance sheet. Analysis of free cash flow facilitates management's comparisons of our operating results to peer companies. A limitation of using free cash flow versus the GAAP measure of net cash provided by operating activities as a means for evaluating liquidity is that free cash flow does not

represent the total increase or decrease in the cash, cash equivalents and investments balance for the period because free cash flow excludes cash provided by or used for other investing and financing activities. Management compensates for this limitation by providing information about our capital expenditures and other investing and financing activities on the face of the cash flow statement and under the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Liquidity and Capital Resources" in our most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Non-GAAP operating income and operating margin. We define non-GAAP operating income as operating income plus stock-based compensation, business acquisition-related charges, including inventory fair value adjustment amortization and other purchase accounting adjustments, impairment and amortization of acquired intangible assets, restructuring charges. expenses associated with the implementation of a new Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system, and, when applicable, any other significant non-recurring items in a given quarter. Non-GAAP operating margin is defined as non-GAAP operating income divided by GAAP revenue. We consider these non-GAAP financial measures to be useful metrics for management and investors because they exclude the items noted above so that our management and investors can compare our recurring core business operating results over multiple periods. There are a number of limitations related to the use of non-GAAP operating income versus operating income calculated in accordance with GAAP. First, non-GAAP operating income excludes the items noted above. Stock-based compensation has been and will continue to be, for the foreseeable future, a significant recurring expense in our business. Second, stock-based compensation expense is an important part of our employees' compensation and may impact their performance. Third, the components of the costs that we exclude from our calculation of non-GAAP operating income may differ from the components that peer companies exclude when they report their non-GAAP results of operations. Management compensates for these limitations by providing specific information regarding the GAAP amounts excluded from non-GAAP operating income and evaluating non-GAAP operating income together with operating income calculated in accordance with GAAP.

Non-GAAP net income and diluted net income per share. We define non-GAAP net income as net income plus the items noted above under non-GAAP operating income and operating margin, adjusted for the impact of the tax adjustment, if any required, resulting in an effective tax rate on a non-GAAP basis, which often differs from the GAAP effective tax rate. We define non-GAAP diluted net income per share as non-GAAP net income divided by the weightedaverage diluted shares outstanding. We consider these non-GAAP financial measures to be useful metrics for management and investors for the same reasons that we use non-GAAP operating income and non-GAAP operating margin. However, in order to provide a complete picture of our recurring core business operating results, we include in non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted net income per share, the tax adjustment required resulting in an effective tax rate on a non-GAAP basis, which often differs from the GAAP tax rate. We believe the effective tax rates we used are reasonable estimates of normalized tax rates for our current and prior fiscal years under our global operating structure. The same limitations described above regarding our use of non-GAAP operating income and non-GAAP operating margin apply to our use of non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted net income per share. We compensate for these limitations by providing specific information regarding the GAAP amounts

excluded from non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted net income per share and evaluating non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted net income per share together with net income and diluted net income per share calculated in accordance with GAAP.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited, in thousands)

	D	ecember 31, 2015	De	ecember 31, 2014
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	543,277	\$	283,254
Short-term investments		348,074		436,766
Accounts receivable—net		259,563		184,741
Inventory		83,868		69,477
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		35,761		31,143
Total current assets		1,270,543		1,005,381
LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS		272,959		271,724
DEFFERRED TAX ASSETS ¹		119,216		72,564
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT—net		91,067		58,919
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS—net		17,640		2,832
GOODWILL		4,692		2,824
OTHER ASSETS		14,393		10,530
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,790,510	\$	1,424,774
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$	61,500	\$	49,947
Accrued liabilities		33,028		29,016
Accrued payroll and compensation		61,111		45,875
Income taxes payable		8,379		2,689
Deferred revenue		514,652		368,929
Total current liabilities		678,670		496,456
DEFERRED REVENUE		276,651		189,828
INCOME TAXES PAYABLE		60,624		45,139
OTHER LIABILITIES		19,188		17,385
Total liabilities		1,035,133		748,808
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:				
Common stock		171		166
Additional paid-in capital		687,658		562,504
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(933)		(349)
Retained earnings		68,481		113,645
Total stockholders' equity		755,377		675,966
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	1,790,510	\$	1,424,774

¹ In November 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standard Update No. 2015-17, which requires that deferred tax assets be classified as noncurrent in a classified statement of financial position. We early adopted this standard and applied the requirements retrospectively. The adoption of this standard resulted in the reclassification of \$41.5 million from deferred tax assets—current in the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2014 to deferred tax assets—noncurrent.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited, in thousands, except per share amounts)

		Three Mo	nths En	ded		Year	Ended		
	De	cember 31, 2015		mber 31, 2014	D	ecember 31, 2015	D	ecember 31, 2014	
REVENUE:									
Product	\$	144,759	\$	110,678	\$	476,782	\$	360,558	
Service		151,770		113,291		532,486		409,806	
Total revenue		296,529		223,969		1,009,268		770,364	
COST OF REVENUE:									
Product ¹		55,466		46,070		190,398		151,300	
Service ¹		26,510		19,554		96,379		79,709	
Total cost of revenue		81,976		65,624		286,777		231,009	
GROSS PROFIT:									
Product		89,293		64,608		286,384		209,258	
Service		125,260		93,737		436,107		330,097	
Total gross profit		214,553		158,345		722,491		539,355	
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Research and development 1		42,814		33,097		158,129		122,880	
Sales and marketing ¹		136,840		93,228		470,371		315,804	
General and administrative 1		20,315		12,104		71,514		41,347	
Restructuring charges		1,717				7,600		_	
Total operating expenses		201,686		138,429		707,614		480,031	
OPERATING INCOME		12,867		19,916		14,877		59,324	
INTEREST INCOME		1,176		1,402		5,295		5,393	
OTHER EXPENSE—net		(1,007)		(1,200)		(3,167)		(3,168)	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		13,036		20,118		17,005		61,549	
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		15,570		13,305		9,018		36,206	
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(2,534)	\$	6,813	\$	7,987	\$	25,343	
Net income (loss) per share:									
Basic	\$	(0.01)	\$	0.04	\$	0.05	\$	0.15	
Diluted	\$	(0.01)	\$	0.04	\$	0.05	\$	0.15	
Weighted-average shares outstanding:	<u>-</u>	(111)							
Basic		171,831		165,439		170,385		163,831	
Diluted		171,831		170,927		176,141		169,289	
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¹ Includes stock-based compensation as follows:									
Cost of product revenue	\$	332	\$	132	\$	973	\$	483	
Cost of service revenue	Ψ	1,980	Ψ	1,612	Ψ	7,121	Ψ	5,826	
Research and development		7,194		4,706		24,555		17,264	
Sales and marketing		14,954		7,854		49,436		26,744	
General and administrative		3,627		2,377		13,003		8,677	
Conordi dila dall'illibriative	•	28,087	\$		Φ		•	58,994	
	\$	20,08/	Þ	16,681	Ф	95,088	Φ	20,994	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Unaudited, in thousands)

		Three Mor	nths Ended	Year Ended			
	Dec	cember 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014		
Net income (loss)	\$	(2,534)	\$ 6,813	\$ 7,987	\$ 25,343		
Other comprehensive loss—net of taxes:							
Foreign currency translation losses		_	_	_	(333)		
Unrealized losses on investments		(1,297)	(715)	(897)	(1,708)		
Tax provision related to items of other comprehensive loss		454	252	313	600		
Other comprehensive loss—net of taxes		(843)	(463)	(584)	(1,441)		
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	(3,377)	\$ 6,350	\$ 7,403	\$ 23,902		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited, in thousands)

	Three Mo	nths Ended	Year Ended				
	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Net income (loss)	\$ (2,534)	\$ 6,813	\$ 7,987	\$ 25,343			
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization	9,383	5,509	31,589	22,028			
Amortization of investment premiums	1,687	2,023	7,457	8,703			
Stock-based compensation	28,087	16,681	95,088	58,994			
Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation	_	4,325	_	_			
Other non-cash items—net	1,285	339	3,965	4,140			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in business							
Accounts receivable—net	(86,125)	(69,028)	(65,202)	(55,888)			
Inventory	(6,661)	(21,364)	(19,088)	(32,459)			
Deferred tax assets	(1,554)	21,258	(29,851)	9,072			
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	5,176	(13,219)	(2,630)	(16,000)			
Other assets	931	(1,143)	667	(1,302)			
Accounts payable	7,325	14,227	(2,517)	18,033			
Accrued liabilities	4,179	4,302	883	7,120			
Accrued payroll and compensation	13,196	5,184	11,301	10,835			
Other liabilities	3,247	(32)	2,016	14,318			
Deferred revenue	84,317	59,410	220,510	127,416			
Income taxes payable	6,619	79	20,372	(3,771)			
Net cash provided by operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	68,558	35,364	282,547	196,582			
Purchases of investments	(130,216)	(108,276)	(459,903)	(497,084)			
Sales of investments	12,516	14,473	47,900	41,755			
Maturities of investments	122,163	86,356	486,419	458,193			
Purchases of property and equipment	(8,345)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(32,197)			
Payments made in connection with business acquisitions— net of cash acquired			(38,025)	(17)			
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,882)	(12,842)	(967)	(29,350)			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	3,771	14,795	67,314	55,324			
Taxes paid related to net share settlement of equity awards			(28,871)	(10,598)			
Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation	(5,002)	(4,325)		(10,570)			
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	(60,000)	(5,742)	(60,000)	(43,977)			
Net cash provided by (used in) financing	(00,000)	(3,742)	(00,000)	(43,711)			
activities	(62,111)	2,636	(21,557)	749			
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATES ON CASH AND CASH FOLIVALENTS				(600)			
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,565	25,158	260,023	167,381			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS—Beginning of period	540,712	258,096	283,254	115,873			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS—End of period	\$ 543,277	\$ 283,254	\$ 543,277	\$ 283,254			

Reconciliations of non-GAAP results of operations measures to the nearest comparable GAAP measures (Unaudited, in thousands)

Reconciliation of total consolidated GAAP revenue to billings

		Three Mon	nths	s Ended	Year Ended			
	De	cember 31, 2015	D	ecember 31, 2014	D	ecember 31, 2015	De	ecember 31, 2014
Total revenue	\$	296,529	\$	223,969	\$	1,009,268	\$	770,364
Add increase in deferred revenue		84,392		58,745		232,546		126,129
Less deferred revenue balance acquired in business combination		_		_		(9,800)		_
Total billings (Non-GAAP)	\$	380,921	\$	282,714	\$	1,232,014	\$	896,493

Reconciliation of Meru's GAAP revenue to billings

	Tì	hree Months Ended	 Year Ended
		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2015
Total revenue	\$	16,026	\$ 28,050
Add increase in deferred revenue		513	4,706
Total billings (Non-GAAP)	\$	16,539	\$ 32,756

Reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to free cash flow

		Three Mon	nths	Ended	Year Ended				
	Dec	cember 31, 2015	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	68,558	\$	35,364	\$	282,547	\$	196,582	
Less purchases of property and equipment		(8,345)		(5,395)		(37,358)		(32,197)	
Free cash flow (Non-GAAP)	\$	60,213	\$	29,969	\$	245,189	\$	164,385	

Reconciliation of non-GAAP results of operations to the nearest comparable GAAP measures (Unaudited, in thousands, except per share amounts)

Reconciliation of GAAP operating income to Non-GAAP operating income, operating margin, net income and diluted net income per share

	Three Months Ended December 31, 2015						Three Months Ended December 31, 2014								
	GAAP Results	A	Adjustments	ljustments Non-GAAP			GAAP Results	Adjustments				Non-GAAP Results			
Operating income	\$ 12,867	\$	34,712	(a) \$	47,579	\$	19,916	\$	16,925	(b)	\$	36,841		
Operating margin	4%					16%		9%)				16%		
Adjustments:															
Stock-based compensation			28,087							16,681					
Amortization of acquired intangible assets			1,319							244					
ERP-related expenses			1,558							_					
Business acquisition- related charges			451							_					
Inventory fair value adjustment amortization			1,580							_					
Restructuring charges			1,717							_					
Tax adjustment			213	(c	:)					340	(c)				
Net income (loss)	\$ (2,534)	\$	34,925		\$	32,391	\$	6,813	\$	17,265		\$	24,078		
Diluted net income (loss) per share	\$ (0.01)				\$	0.18	\$	0.04				\$	0.14		
Shares used in diluted net income per share calculations	171,831					176,657		170,927					170,927		

- (a) To exclude \$28.1 million of stock-based compensation, \$1.3 million of amortization of acquired intangible assets, \$1.6 million of ERP-related expenses, \$0.5 million of business acquisition-related charges, \$1.6 million of inventory fair value adjustment amortization recorded pursuant to our business acquisition, and \$1.7 million of restructuring charges in the three months ended December 31, 2015.
- (b) To exclude \$16.7 million of stock-based compensation and \$0.2 million of amortization of acquired intangible assets in the three months ended December 31, 2014.
- (c) Non-GAAP financial information is adjusted to achieve an overall 34% percent and 35% percent effective tax rate in 2015 and 2014, respectively, on a non-GAAP basis, which differs from the GAAP effective tax rate.

	Tear Ended December 51, 2015													
		GAAP Results	1	Adjustments	_		-GAAP esults		GAAP Results	Adjustments				on-GAAP Results
Operating income	\$	14,877	\$	118,447	(a) \$	1.	33,324	\$	59,324	\$	62,805	(b) §	\$	122,129
Operating margin		1%	,				13%		8%					16%
Adjustments:														
Stock-based compensation				95,088							58,994			
Impairment of acquired intangible assets				1,593							2,404			
Amortization of acquired intangible assets				3,126							1,407			
ERP-related expenses				5,426							_			
Business acquisition- related charges				2,732							_			
Inventory fair value adjustment amortization				2,882							_			
Restructuring charges				7,600							_			
Tax adjustment				(37,036)	(c)						(7,318)	(c)		
Net income	\$	7,987	\$	81,411	\$	5 8	89,398	\$	25,343	\$	55,487	9	5	80,830
Diluted net income per share	\$	0.05			\$	5	0.51	\$	0.15			9	\$	0.48
Shares used in diluted net income per share calculations		176,141	=		_	1′	76,141		169,289	i		=		169,289

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Year Ended December 31, 2015

- (a) To exclude \$95.1 million of stock-based compensation, \$1.6 million of impairment of acquired intangible assets, \$3.1 million of amortization of acquired intangible assets, \$5.4 million of ERP-related expenses, \$2.7 million of business acquisition-related charges, \$2.9 million of inventory fair value adjustment amortization recorded pursuant to our business acquisition, and \$7.6 million of restructuring charges in 2015.
- (b) To exclude \$59.0 million of stock-based compensation, \$2.4 million of impairment of acquired intangible assets, and \$1.4 million of amortization of acquired intangible assets in 2014.
- (c) Non-GAAP financial information is adjusted to achieve an overall 34% percent and 35% percent effective tax rate in 2015 and 2014, respectively, on a non-GAAP basis, which differs from the GAAP effective tax rate.